

Request for Disbursement

NC 457 Plan

Instructions

Please print using blue or black ink. This request *must* be authorized by your employer. Please forward this form to your benefits/human resources office to complete the 'Your Plan Authorization' section. This request cannot be processed without an authorized signature from your benefits/human resources office on file. Do not fax or mail to Empower until the 'Your Plan Authorization' section on this form is reviewed by your Plan Administrator.

Attention: Benefits/Human Resources Office - Please send completed form to our address or fax number.

NC Plans Processing Center PO Box 5340 Scranton, PA 18505 Questions? Call 1-866-627-5267 for assistance.

About	Plan number	Who is your	employer?		What Department do you work in?
You	0 1 2 0 0 3	(Please print e	entire employer na	me)	(Please print entire department name)
	Are you? ☐ Retired ☐ Your employer must sign the Y	Still Employed our Plan Authoriza	☐ Terminated ation section if you	are report	ing a change in status.
	Have you recently changed en	nployers? Yes	□ No		
		nated from servic			t associated with retirement), requests om the date of your termination.
	Social Security number		Daytime telepho	ne numbe	r
			area code		J ⁻ []
	First name	MI	Last name		
	Address				
	City			State	ZIP code
	Date of birth		Gender		
	month day year		M	<u></u> Б	
Options	Please select from the followi	ng option(s): (May	be continued on n	ext page.)	
5)	Minimum Distribution da	te. You may be re designated by you	quired to receive	a distribut	er's plan until no later than the Require ion of your account if your balance is lesplies if you are no longer employed by the

Options (3) (continued)	1. Types of money in your account.	er-Please complete applicable section 2. What do you want to roll over?	3. What type of account are you rolling to?	4. Please choose a specific product/plan below.
	Tax-Deferred and After-Tax Account. (Excludes Roth Accounts. May include one or more of the following: Your own contributions (pre-tax, after-tax, or both), made by your employer, money you've rolled over from another employer-based plan.)	☐ The entire Account. ☐ A portion of the Account: \$	☐ Another qualified employer-based plan. ☐ A Traditional IRA. ☐ A Roth IRA.1	Direct Rollover to your NC 401(k)
	Roth Account.	□ The entire Account. □ A portion of the Account: \$	☐ Another qualified employer-based plan that accepts Roth rollovers. ☐ A Roth IRA.	Financial InstitutionAddressAccount number:

¹This type of rollover is subject to current taxes. Please complete the section called "Election for Withholding Federal Income Taxes When Rolling Non-Roth Money to a Roth IRA" below.

²If the address of the institution is not given, your direct rollover check will be sent to you. You are responsible for completing the direct rollover to your financial institution in a timely manner in accordance with applicable law. If rolling over to multiple institutions, please list additional institutions or IRA (note if Traditional or Roth) on a separate page.

earnings. 2. Amount indicated or maximum amount of my Roth 457 (if available) contributions and earnings. If your disbursement consists of Roth and Non-Roth money, a separate check will be issued for each portion consistent with IRS rules. If you elect the Express Mail option, each check will be subject to an express mail fee. (20) Total Single Sum-To receive my total vested account balance in a check made payable to me. We will automatically process a lump sum distribution. Please note: If you have outstanding loan and request a total single sum withdrawal, the loan will default and become a taxable event. The applicable taxes for both the withdrawa and the defaulted loan balance will be withheld from the gross distribution amount. • To request distributions in installment payments, a Request for Systematic Disbursement form should be completed in place of this form. You can request the form by calling our toll-free number. If no distribution election is made and your account balance is less than \$500, we will automatically process a lump sum distribution. • Annuity Please call our service center toll free at 1-866-627-5267 for a fixed annuity quote. (The types of annuities the plan offers are below.) • Income for a Period Certain • Fixed Life Annuity With Guaranteed Period of 5, 10, 15, 20 years • Fixed Life Annuity Life only (no death benefits) • Joint Life 50% Survivor Benefit or 100% Survivor Benefit option for guaranteed period of 5, 10, 15, 20 years Express Mail (check box if applicable) Send my disbursement check by express mail and deduct \$25.00 per check from my account prior to the distribution. PLEASE NOTE: If you are requesting a rollover and/or distribution check will be delivered within 1-2 business days. This prompt delivery allows your funds to be re-invested as	Options (20) (continued)	Partial Single Sum-To receive \$ of my account in a check made payable to me. Depending on the terms of your plan, the funds will either be prorated across all available contribution types and investments or taken in a specific sequence. If you select this option and no amount is specified here or if you would like to choose the contribution type for your disbursement, you must check the appropriate box(es) below: Please note: The minimum allowable in-service disbursement is \$500 unless a total disbursement is taken.
If your disbursement consists of Roth and Non-Roth money, a separate check will be issued for each portion consistent with IRS rules. If you elect the Express Mail option, each check will be subject to an express mail fee. [20] Total Single Sum-To receive my total vested account balance in a check made payable to me. We will automatically process a lump sum distribution. Please note: If you have outstanding loan and request a total single sum withdrawal, the loan will default and become a taxable event. The applicable taxes for both the withdrawal and the defaulted loan balance will be withheld from the gross distribution amount. • To request distributions in installment payments, a Request for Systematic Disbursement form should be completed in place of this form. You can request the form by calling our toll-free number. If no distribution election is made and your account balance is less than \$500, we will automatically process a lump sum distribution. • Annuity Please call our service center toll free at 1-866-627-5267 for a fixed annuity quote. (The types of annuities the plan offers are below.) • Income for a Period Certain • Fixed Life Annuity with Guaranteed Period of 5, 10, 15, 20 years • Fixed Life Annuity Life only (no death benefits) • Joint Life 50% Survivor Benefit or 100% Survivor Benefit option for guaranteed period of 5, 10, 15, 20 years Express Mail (check box if applicable) Send my disbursement check by express mail and deduct \$25.00 per check from my account prior to the distribution. PLEASE NOTE: If you are requesting a rollover and/or disbursement in the amount of \$100.000 or more, we strongly suggest that you elect Express Mail delivery. For a fee of \$25, your rollover and/or distribution check will be delivered within 1-2 business days. This prompt delivery allows your funds to be re-invested as soon as possible. In addition, tracking capabilities with Express Mail can provide a way to verify delivery date and		
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Important information and cignatures required on the following page		Important information and signatures required on the following pages

Electronic
Funds
Transfer
(EFT)
(Complete this section only if you choose to have your payment(s) sent by EFT)

If you would like your disbursement sent to you via EFT, please provide the information below.

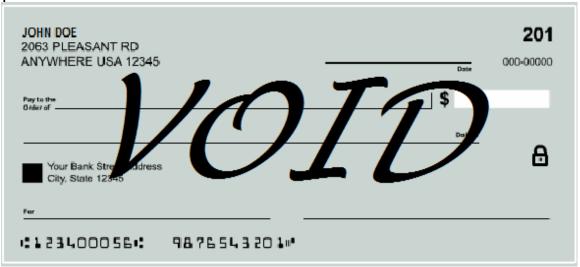
Type of Account (please choose one):

- ☐ Checking (Must attach a voided check below, or include a letter from your financial institution, with participant's name, checking account number, and ABA routing number)
- ☐ Savings (Must include a letter from your financial institution with participant's name, savings account number, and ABA routing number)

IMPORTANT: Your EFT payment may result in a check payable to you if:

- Your voided check or financial institution letter is not included
- > All of the necessary information is not provided
- If this section does not apply to your disbursement request

Please Tape Voided Check Here:



I have carefully read this form and I hereby authorize Prudential to make this Plan payment(s) to the financial institution listed above in the form of Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT). I understand Prudential is not responsible for any losses associated with incorrect information provided (e.g. wrong banking instructions). The credit will typically be applied to your account within 2 business days of being processed.

In the event that an overpayment is credited to the financial institution account listed above, I hereby authorize and direct the financial institution designated above to debit my account and refund any overpayment to Prudential. This authorization will remain in effect until Prudential receives a written notice from me stating otherwise and until Prudential has had a reasonable chance to act upon it.

Election for
Withholding
Federal
Income
Taxes When
Rolling Non-
Roth Money
to a Doth ID/

Only complete this section if you elected to roll non-Roth money to a Roth IRA above. If you do not complete this section, no federal income tax will be withheld if you elect to rollover non-Roth money to a Roth IRA.

A rollover of non-Roth money to a Roth IRA is generally taxable. However, this distribution is not subject to 20% mandatory federal withholding. You may elect withholding by making an election below.

Please withhold	% (percent) or \$	(amount)
Please do not withho	old federal income taxes	

(Note: If you elect federal income tax withholding for this type of rollover, you will receive a second 1099-R for the withholding amount. If you are under age 59.5 and you elect withholding, the withholding amount may be subject to a 10% early distribution penalty.) Consult with your tax advisor to understand the tax implications for you.

Election for Withholding	For an eligible rollover distribution , the default federal income withholding rate is 20%. You can choose a rate greater than 20% by entering a rate below. You may not choose a rate less than 20%.
of Federal Income	☐ Withhold the default 20% Federal income taxes.
Taxes (For Single Sum Payments)	Complete this line if you would like a rate of withholding that is higher than the 20% default withholding rate. See the instructions on page 2 of Form W-4R (www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/fw4r.pdf) and the attached Marginal Rate Tables for additional information. Enter the rate as a whole number (no decimals): %.

Election For Withholding of State Income Taxes (For Single Sum Payments and Rollovers of non-Roth money to a Roth IRA)

NC State Income Tax withholding generally does not apply to payees of a Bailey vested account.

B.

C.

Mandatory State Withholding: If you reside in a state where state income tax withholding is mandatory AR, CA*, DC (mandatory for total single sum distributions only), DE, IA, KS, MA, MD (mandatory for eligible rollover distributions only, subject to 20% mandatory federal withholding), CT, ME, MI (see below), MN, NC, NE, OK*, OR*, VA or VT* applicable withholding will be deducted automatically, unless an election out is applicable (see below). Note: Some states require withholding if federal income tax is withheld from the distribution.

If you are a resident of IA, have federal income taxes withheld, and receive one or more distributions totaling more thar

ո \$6,	000 in the calendar year, IA income taxes are required to be deducted for the amount over \$6,000.
	My resident state is AR, DE, KS, ME, MN, NC, NE, or VA (for NE and VA, election out is allowed for payments from IRA's only) and I do not want state income tax withholding deducted from my distribution. (An election out of AR, DE, KS, ME, NC, or VA state tax is not allowed for eligible rollover distributions, subject to 20% mandatory federal withholding.) Important note to Maine (ME) residents. If you elect out of ME withholding, you must either have elected out of federal withholding, or have no Maine State tax liability in the prior or current years.
	*My resident state is one of the following: CA , OK , OR , ** VT and withholding is required if federal income tax is withheld, unless I elect out of state withholding. By checking this box I am electing out of state withholding. **An election out is not allowed for eligible rollover distributions, subject to 20% mandatory federal withholding.
	My resident state is CT and Empower will withhold 6.99% on your taxable distribution. Please note that if you are not requesting a distribution of your entire account balance and if Form CT-W4P, <i>Withholding Certificate for Pension or Annuity Payments</i> , applies to you, please return Form CT-W4P as part of this distribution form. Form CT-W4P is available on the Department of Revenue Services (DRS) website, at www.ct.gov/DRS.
Му	resident state is MI and withholding of 4.25% is required, unless my payments are <u>not</u> taxable and I opt out. My resident state is MI and I would like to opt out of MI withholding. Note: Opting out may result in a balance due on your MI 1040 as well as penalty and/or interest.
	My resident state is \mathbf{MI} and if my payments $\underline{\text{are}}$ taxable, I wish to have \mathbf{MI} state withholding based on the number of exemptions selected. I have entered the number of exemptions below:
	Enter the number of personal exemptions allowed on your Michigan Income Tax Return (MI-1040). The total number of exemptions you claim may not exceed the number of exemptions you are entitled to claim when you file your MI-1040 . Withholding will be computed at the percentage determined by the state after subtracting your personal exemption allowances.
	My resident state is \mathbf{MI} and I am requesting% additional \mathbf{MI} state tax withheld from my payment. This amount must be a whole percentage.
mar	untary State Withholding: Please check the appropriate box below. If state income tax withholding is not adatory in your state, you may be allowed to request state tax withholding. If your state of residence is not d, or if you choose a method of withholding that is not offered for your state, we cannot withhold state income
	I reside in one of the following voluntary withholding states: AL, CO, DC (voluntary for partial and systematic distributions), GA, ID, IA (voluntary if no federal tax withheld) IL, IN, KY, LA, MD (non-eligible rollover distributions only), MA (voluntary if no federal income tax withheld), MO, MS (voluntary except for early distributions), MT, ND, NE, NJ, NM, NY, OH, PA, RI, SC, UT, VA, WI, WV (NE and VA state withholding is voluntary for payments from IRA's only) and would like state income tax withheld. (Specify a percentage or dollar amount to be withheld.)
	I reside in one of the voluntary withholding states listed above and I do not want state income tax withholding deducted from my distribution.
No	State Withholding: Some states do not have state income tax withholding.
	My resident state is one of the following: AK, FL, HI, NV, NH, SD, TN, TX, WA, WY and there is no state income tax withholding.
	My resident state is AZ and there is no state income tax withholding on non-periodic (single sum) payments.

Your

Your Plan

I understand that Empower will rely on the information I have provided in processing my request. I understand that my Authorization request must be reviewed to confirm eligibility under applicable Internal Revenue Code requirements and plan rules and will be processed upon confirmation. I further understand that I am responsible for its accuracy in the event any dispute arises with respect to the transaction. I acknowledge that I have read the attached Special Tax Notice Regarding Plan Payments. I understand the tax implications regarding this disbursement, including that if I am entitled to an eligible rollover distribution, I have the right to consider whether or not to elect a direct rollover for at least 30 days after this special tax notice is provided. By signing this form, I am waiving this notice period. The taxable portion of any distribution that is eligible for "rollover" is subject to a mandatory 20% federal income tax withholding, unless that amount is directly rolled to an Individual Retirement Account (IRA) or to another plan in which I am a participant.

> If there are investment options available through your retirement account that are subject to the fund's market timing policies, you may be subject to restrictions or incur fees if you engage in excessive trading activity in those investments. You may wish to review the fund information or your retirement account's market timing policy prior to submitting this transaction request. If a fee applies to the transaction, you will be able to view the details after the transaction is processed by logging on to the retirement internet site at www.prudential.com/online/retirement.

	X	Date	
	Participant's signature		-
Your Plan	If an authorized plan representative previously submitted termination in employee status did not take place since then, this section does not nee		
Authorization	I certify, as plan sponsor and authorized representative of the plan, I unders employee status (i.e., terminated, rehired) and date of termination for te information to Empower. If the participant is terminated, I authorized Em disbursements to the participant named on the attached using the date of te my responsibility to notify Empower of any change in employee status (i.e., if received by Empower, any future disbursements of terminated participants with employee status applies.	erminated partic power to proce rmination provic a participant is	cipants, and submit such ess any current or future ded. I understand that it is rehired). After signature is
	Date of Separation from Service: day	I	
	Please indicate type of separation: \square Termination \square Retirement		
	X	Date	
	Authorized employer representative's signature		<u> </u>

Empower fax number: 1-866-439-8602

Print name and title

Federal Marginal Rate Tables

2023 Marginal Rate Tables

You may use these tables to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. Add your income from all sources and use the column that matches your filing status to find the corresponding rate of withholding. See page 2 for more information on how to use this table.

Single or Married filing separately		Married filing jointly or Qualifying surviving spouse		Head of household	
Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more
\$0	0%	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
13,850	10%	27,700	10%	20,800	10%
24,850	12%	49,700	12%	36,500	12%
58,575	22%	117,150	22%	80,650	22%
109,225	24%	218,450	24%	116,150	24%
195,950	32%	391,900	32%	202,900	32%
245,100	35%	490,200	35%	252,050	35%
591,975*	37%	721,450	37%	598,900	37%

^{*}If married filing separately, use \$360,725 instead for this 37% rate.

Applies to Section 457(b) Governmental Plans Only

SPECIAL TAX NOTICE REGARDING PLAN PAYMENTS

Retain for Your Records

This notice is provided to you by Prudential Financial, Inc., on behalf of the plan administrator ("Plan Administrator").

Right to Defer Distributions from Defined Contribution Plans

You may be eligible to receive a distribution from your employer's retirement plan now. Instead of taking a distribution now, you may elect to defer receiving a distribution until a later date -- typically as late as age 701/2. (If your account balance does not exceed \$5,000 (or the amount of your plan's cashout threshold), you may not have a right to defer payment.) If you defer receiving a distribution, the plan investment options available to you thereafter (including related fees) generally will be the same as those available to active employees. However, certain plan features, such as the right to repay or take a loan from the plan, may not be available if you have terminated employment. Please refer to your summary plan description and fund fact sheets for more information about plan investment options, investment related expenses, any plan restrictions or charges applicable to terminated employees, payment options, and any other special rules that may impact your distribution decision. If you elect to receive a distribution that you roll over to another eligible retirement plan such as an IRA, the investment options offered under your current employer's plan (e.g., mutual funds, separate accounts) may not be available to you or, if available, are likely to carry higher expenses if transferred to an IRA. If you elect to receive a distribution but do not roll it over to another eligible retirement plan, such action triggers taxation (possibly including a 10% penalty), results in loss of future taxdeferred earnings (if any) and may diminish the funds available to you for retirement purposes. For additional information about plan investment options (and related fees), plan restrictions or charges applicable to terminated employees who defer receiving a distribution, or if you have other questions regarding your right to defer a distribution, and the consequences of failing to defer, please contact Prudential at the number provided on your benefit statement.

For Payments Not From a Designated Roth Account

This notice describes the rollover rules that apply to payments from your employer's plan (the "Plan") that are not from a designated Roth account (a type of account with special tax rules in some employer plans). A different notice is provided for payments from a designated Roth account.

YOUR ROLLOVER OPTIONS

This notice is provided to you because all or part of the payments you may receive from the employer's plan (the "Plan") may be eligible for rollover to an IRA or an eligible employer plan. This notice is intended to help you decide whether to do such a rollover. If you have additional questions after reading this notice, you can contact your Plan Administrator.

Rules that apply to most payments from a plan are described in the "General Information About Rollovers" section. Special rules that only apply in certain circumstances are described in the "Special Rules and Options" section.

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT ROLLOVERS

How can a rollover affect my taxes?

You will be taxed on a payment from the Plan if you do not roll it over. In addition, distributions from this Plan are generally not subject to the 10% additional income tax that applies to pre-59½ distributions from other types of plans. However, any distribution from this Plan that is attributable to an amount you roll over to the Plan from another type of eligible employer plan or IRA amount is subject to the 10% additional income tax if it is distributed to you before you reach age 59½ (unless an exception applies, see "What are the exceptions to the 10% additional income tax that applies to early distributions" below).

What types of retirement accounts and plans may accept my rollover?

You may roll over the payment to either an IRA (an individual retirement account or individual retirement annuity) or an employer plan (a tax-qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan) that will accept the rollover. The rules of the IRA or employer plan that holds the rollover will determine your investment options, fees, and rights to payment from the IRA or employer plan (for

example, no spousal consent rules apply to IRAs and IRAs may not provide loans). Further, the amount rolled over will become subject to the tax rules that apply to the IRA or employer plan.

How do I do a rollover?

There are two ways to do a rollover. You can do either a direct rollover or a 60-day rollover.

If you do a direct rollover, the Plan will make the payment directly to your IRA or an employer plan. You should contact the IRA sponsor or the administrator of the employer plan for information on how to do a direct rollover

If you do not do a direct rollover, you may still do a rollover by making a deposit into an IRA or eligible employer plan that will accept it. Generally, you will have 60 days after you receive the payment to make the deposit. If you do not do a direct rollover, the Plan is required to withhold 20% of the payment for federal income taxes. This means that, in order to roll over the entire payment in a 60-day rollover, you must use other funds to make up for the 20% withheld. If you do not roll over the entire amount of the payment, the portion not rolled over will be taxed.

How much may I roll over?

If you wish to do a rollover, you may roll over all or part of the amount eligible for rollover. Any payment from the Plan is eligible for rollover, except:

- Certain payments spread over a period of at least 10 years or over your life or life expectancy (or the lives or joint life expectancy of you and your beneficiary);
- Required minimum distributions after age 70½ (if you were born before July 1, 1949) or age 72 (if you were born after June 30, 1949) or after death:
- · Unforeseeable emergency distributions;
- Corrective distributions of contributions that exceed tax law limitations:
- Loans treated as deemed distributions (for example, loans in default due to missed payments before your employment ends);
- · Cost of life insurance paid by the Plan; and
- Payments of certain automatic enrollment contributions requested to be withdrawn within 90 days of the first contribution.

The Plan Administrator or the payor can tell you what portion of a payment is eligible for rollover.

If I do a rollover to an IRA, will the 10% additional income tax apply to early distributions from the IRA?

If you receive a payment from an IRA when you are under age $59\frac{1}{2}$, you will have to pay the 10% additional income tax on early distributions on the part of the distribution that you must include in income, unless an exception applies.

What are the exceptions to the 10% additional income tax that applies to early distributions?

In general, the exceptions to the 10% additional income tax for early distributions from an IRA are the same as the exceptions applicable to Section 401 and 403 employer plans for early distributions from a plan, which are as follows:

- Payments made after you separate from service if you will be at least age 55 in the year of the separation;
- Payments that start after you separate from service if paid at least annually in equal or close to equal amounts over your life or life expectancy (or the lives or joint life expectancy of you and your beneficiary);
- Payments from a governmental plan made after you separate from service if you are a qualified public safety employee and you will be at least age 50 in the year of the separation;
- Payments of up to \$5,000 made to you within one year after the birth or adoption of a child;
- Payments made due to disability;
- · Payments after your death;
- Payments of ESOP dividends;
- Corrective distributions of contributions that exceed tax law limitations;
- · Cost of life insurance paid by the Plan;
- Payments made directly to the government to satisfy a federal tax levy;
- Payments made under a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO);

- Payments up to the amount of your deductible medical expenses;
- Certain payments made while you are on active duty if you were a member of a reserve component called to duty after September 11, 2001 for more than 179 days;
- Payments of certain automatic enrollment contributions requested to be withdrawn within 90 days of the first contribution;
- Payments for certain distributions relating to certain federally declared disasters; and
- · Phased retirement payments made to federal employees.

However, there are a few differences for payments from an IRA, including:

- The exception for payments made after you separate from service if you will be at least age 55 in the year of the separation (or age 50 for qualified public safety employees) does not apply.
- The exception for qualified domestic relations orders (QDROs) does not apply (although a special rule applies under which, as part of a divorce or separation agreement, a tax-free transfer may be made directly to an IRA of a spouse or former spouse).
- The exception for payments made at least annually in equal or close to equal amounts over a specified period applies without regard to whether you have had a separation from service.
- There are additional exceptions for (1) payments for qualified higher education expenses, (2) payments up to \$10,000 used in a qualified first-time home purchase, and (3) payments for health insurance premiums after you have received unemployment compensation for 12 consecutive weeks (or would have been eligible to receive unemployment compensation but for self-employed status).

Will I owe State income taxes?

This notice does not describe any State or local income tax rules (including withholding rules).

SPECIAL RULES AND OPTIONS

If you miss the 60-day rollover deadline

Generally, the 60-day rollover deadline cannot be extended. However, the IRS has the limited authority to waive the deadline under certain extraordinary circumstances, such as when external events prevented you from completing the rollover by the 60-day rollover deadline. Under certain circumstances, you may claim eligibility for a waiver of the 60-day rollover deadline by making a written self-certification. Otherwise, to apply for a waiver from the IRS, you must file a private letter ruling request with the IRS. Private letter ruling requests require the payment of a nonrefundable user fee. For more information, see IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

If you have an outstanding loan that is being offset

If you have an outstanding loan from the Plan, your Plan benefit may be offset by the outstanding amount of the loan, typically when your employment ends. The offset amount is treated as a distribution to you at the time of the offset. Generally, you may roll over all or any portion of the offset amount. Any offset amount that is not rolled over will be taxed (including the 10% additional income tax on early distributions, unless an exception applies). You may roll over offset amounts to an IRA or an employer plan (if the terms of the employer plan permit the plan to receive plan loan offset rollovers).

How long you have to complete the rollover depends on what kind of plan loan offset you have. If you have a qualified plan loan offset, you will have until your tax return due date (including extensions) for the tax year during which the offset occurs to complete your rollover. A qualified plan loan offset occurs when a plan loan in good standing is offset because your employer plan terminates, or because you sever from employment. If your plan loan offset occurs for any other reason, then you have 60 days from the date the offset occurs to complete your rollover.

If you are an eligible retired public safety officer and your payment is used to pay for health coverage or qualified long-term care insurance

If you retired as a public safety officer, and your retirement was by reason of disability or was after normal retirement age, you can exclude from your taxable income plan payments paid directly as premiums to an accident or health plan (or a qualified long-term care insurance contract) that your employer maintains for you, your spouse, or your dependents, up to a maximum of \$3,000 annually. For this purpose, a public safety officer is a law enforcement officer, firefighter, chaplain, or member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew.

If you roll over your payment to a Roth IRA

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If you roll over a payment from the Plan to a Roth IRA, a special rule applies under which the amount of the payment rolled over will be taxed. However, the 10% additional income tax on early distributions will not apply (unless you take the amount rolled over out of the Roth IRA within 5 years, counting from January 1 of the year of the rollover).

If you roll over the payment to a Roth IRA, later payments from the Roth IRA that are qualified distributions will not be taxed (including earnings after the rollover). A qualified distribution from a Roth IRA is a payment made after you are age 59½ (or after your death or disability, or as a qualified first-time homebuyer distribution of up to \$10,000) and after you have had a Roth IRA for at least 5 years. In applying this 5-year rule, you count from January 1 of the year for which your first contribution was made to a Roth IRA. Payments from the Roth IRA that are not qualified distributions will be taxed to the extent of earnings after the rollover, including the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies). You do not have to take required minimum distributions from a Roth IRA during your lifetime. For more information, see IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs) and IRS Publication 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

If you do a rollover to a designated Roth account in the Plan

You cannot roll over a distribution to a designated Roth account in another employer's plan. However, you may be able to roll the distribution over into a designated Roth account in the distributing Plan. If you roll over a payment from the Plan to a designated Roth account in the Plan, the amount of the payment rolled over will be taxed. If you take the amount rolled over out of the designated Roth account within the 5-year period that begins on January 1 of the year of the rollover, the 10% additional tax on early distributions may apply to amounts you had previously rolled over from another type of eligible employer plan (unless an exception applies).

If you roll over the payment to a designated Roth account in the Plan, later payments from the designated Roth account that are qualified distributions will not be taxed, (including earnings after the rollover). A qualified distribution from a designated Roth account is a payment made both after you are age 591/2 (or after your death or disability) and after you have had a designated Roth account in the Plan for at least 5 years. In applying this 5-year rule, you count from January 1 of the year your first contribution was made to the designated Roth account. However, if you made a direct rollover to a designated Roth account in the Plan from a designated Roth account in a plan of another employer, the 5-year period begins on January 1 of the year you made the first contribution to the designated Roth account in the Plan or, if earlier, to the designated Roth account in the plan of the other employer. Payments from the designated Roth account that are not qualified distributions will be taxed to the extent of earnings after the rollover, including the 10% additional tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies).

If you are not a Plan participant

<u>Payments after death of the participant.</u> If you receive a distribution after the participant's death that you do not roll over, the distribution will generally be taxed in the same manner described elsewhere in this notice. However, the special rules for public safety officers do not apply.

If you are a surviving spouse. If you receive a payment from the Plan as the surviving spouse of a deceased participant, you have the same rollover options that the participant would have had, as described elsewhere in this notice. In addition, if you choose to do a rollover to an IRA, you may treat the IRA as your own or as an inherited IRA.

An IRA you treat as your own is treated like any other IRA of yours, so that payments made to you before you are age 59½ will be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies) and required minimum distributions from your IRA do not have to start until after you are age 70½ (if you were born before July 1, 1949) or age 72 (if you were born after June 30, 1949).

If you treat the IRA as an inherited IRA, payments from the IRA will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions. However, if the participant had started taking required minimum distributions, you will have to receive required minimum distributions from the inherited IRA. If the participant had not started taking required minimum distributions from the Plan, you will not have to start receiving required minimum distributions from the inherited IRA until the year the participant would have been age 70½. (if born before July 1, 1949) or

age 72 (if born after June 30, 1949).

If you are a surviving beneficiary other than a spouse. If you receive a payment from the Plan because of the participant's death and you are a designated beneficiary other than a surviving spouse, the only rollover option you have is to do a direct rollover to an inherited IRA. Payments from the inherited IRA will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions. You will have to receive required minimum distributions from the inherited IRA.

<u>Payments under a qualified domestic relations order.</u> If you are the spouse or former spouse of the participant who receives a payment from the Plan under a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO), you generally have the same options and the same tax treatment that the participant would have (for example, you may roll over the payment to your own IRA or an eligible employer plan that will accept it). However, payments under the QDRO will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions.

If you are a nonresident alien

If you are a nonresident alien and you do not do a direct rollover to a U.S. IRA or U.S. employer plan, instead of withholding 20%, the Plan is generally required to withhold 30% of the payment for federal income taxes. If the amount withheld exceeds the amount of tax you owe (as may happen if you do a 60-day rollover), you may request an income tax refund by filing Form 1040NR and attaching your Form 1042-S. See Form W-8BEN for claiming that you are entitled to a reduced rate of withholding under an income tax treaty. For more information, see also IRS Publication 519, *U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens*, and IRS Publication 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*.

Other special rules

If a payment is one in a series of payments for less than 10 years, your choice whether to make a direct rollover will apply to all later payments in the series (unless you make a different choice for later payments).

If your payments for the year are less than \$200 (not including payments from a designated Roth account in the Plan), the Plan is not required to allow you to do a direct rollover and is not required to withhold federal income taxes. However, you may do a 60-day rollover.

Unless you elect otherwise, a mandatory cashout of more than \$1,000 (not including payments from a designated Roth account in the Plan) will be directly rolled over to an IRA chosen by the Plan Administrator or the payor. A mandatory cashout is a payment from a plan to a participant made before age 62 (or normal retirement age, if later) and without consent, where the participant's benefit does not exceed \$5,000, or the amount of your Plan's cashout threshold (not including any amounts held under the plan as a result of a prior rollover made to the plan).

You may have special rollover rights if you recently served in the U.S. Armed Forces. For more information on special rollover rights related to the U.S. Armed Forces, see IRS Publication 3, *Armed Forces' Tax Guide*. You also may have special rollover rights if you were affected by a federally declared disaster (or similar event), or if you received a distribution on account of a disaster. For more information on special rollover rights related to disaster relief, see the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

If you expatriate from the U.S., you may be subject to special rules, and should consult with your personal tax advisor to determine if you are required to provide Prudential with IRS Form W-8CE.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

You may wish to consult with the Plan Administrator or payor, or a professional tax advisor, before taking a payment from the Plan. Also, you can find more detailed information on the federal tax treatment of payments from employer plans in: IRS Publication 575, Pension and Annuity Income; IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs); IRS Publication 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs); and IRS Publication 571, Tax-Sheltered Annuity Plans (403(b) Plans). These publications are available from a local IRS office, on the web at www.irs.gov, or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM.

You can easily print this notice using your computer's print function. However, if you would like us to provide you a printed copy, please contact us at 877-778-2100 and we will mail you one, free of charge. Note that you will need to complete the authentication process when you call so we can be sure to send you the correct version for your plan.

Applies to Section 457(b) Governmental Plans Only

SPECIAL TAX NOTICE REGARDING PLAN PAYMENTS Retain for Your Records

This notice is provided to you by Prudential Financial, Inc., on behalf of the plan administrator ("Plan Administrator").

Right to Defer Distributions from Defined Contribution Plans

You may be eligible to receive a distribution from your employer's retirement plan now. Instead of taking a distribution now, you may elect to defer receiving a distribution until a later date -- typically as late as age 701/2 (If your account balance does not exceed \$5,000 (or the amount of your plan's cashout threshold), you may not have a right to defer payment.) If you defer receiving a distribution, the plan investment options available to you thereafter (including related fees) generally will be the same as those available to active employees. However, certain plan features, such as the right to repay or take a loan from the plan, may not be available if you have terminated employment. Please refer to your summary plan description and fund fact sheets for more information about plan investment options, investment related expenses, any plan restrictions or charges applicable to terminated employees, payment options, and any other special rules that may impact your distribution decision. If you elect to receive a distribution that you roll over to another eligible retirement plan such as an IRA, the investment options offered under your current employer's plan (e.g., mutual funds, separate accounts) may not be available to you or, if available, are likely to carry higher expenses if transferred to an IRA. If you elect to receive a distribution but do not roll it over to another eligible retirement plan, such action triggers taxation (possibly including a 10% penalty), results in loss of future taxdeferred earnings (if any) and may diminish the funds available to you for retirement purposes. For additional information about plan investment options (and related fees), plan restrictions or charges applicable to terminated employees who defer receiving a distribution, or if you have other questions regarding your right to defer a distribution, and the consequences of failing to defer, please contact Prudential at the number provided on your benefit statement.

For Payments From a Designated Roth Account

This notice describes the rollover rules that apply to payments from your employer's plan (the "Plan") that are from a designated Roth account. A different notice is provided for payments not from a designated Roth account.

YOUR ROLLOVER OPTIONS

This notice is provided to you because all or part of the payments you may receive from a designated Roth account in the Plan may be eligible for rollover to a Roth IRA or designated Roth account in an eligible employer plan. This notice is intended to help you decide whether to do such a rollover. If you have additional questions after reading this notice, you can contact your Plan Administrator.

Rules that apply to most payments from a designated Roth account are described in the "General Information About Rollovers" section. Special rules that only apply in certain circumstances are described in the "Special Rules and Options" section.

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT ROLLOVERS

How can a rollover affect my taxes?

After-tax contributions included in the payment from a designated Roth account are not taxed, but earnings might be taxed. The tax treatment of earnings included in the payment depends on whether the payment is a qualified distribution. If a payment is only part of your designated Roth account, the payment will include an allocable portion of the earnings in your designated Roth account.

If the payment from the Plan is not a qualified distribution and you do not do a rollover to a Roth IRA or designated Roth account in an employer plan, you will be taxed on the earnings in the payment. In addition, distributions from this Plan are generally not subject to the 10% additional income tax that applies to pre-59½ distributions from other types of plans. However, the taxable amount of any distribution from this Plan that is attributable to an amount you rolled over to the Plan from another type of eligible employer plan is subject to the 10% additional income tax if it is distributed to you before you reach age 59½ (unless an exception applies, see "What are the exceptions to the 10% additional income tax that applies to early distributions" below). However, if you do a rollover, you will not have to pay taxes currently on the earnings and you will not have to pay taxes later on payments that are qualified distributions.

If the payment from the Plan is a qualified distribution, you will not be taxed on any part of the payment even if you do not do a rollover. If you do a rollover, you will not be taxed on the amount you roll over and any earnings on the amount you roll over will not be taxed if paid later in a qualified distribution.

A qualified distribution from a designated Roth account in the Plan is a payment made after you are age 59½ (or after your death or disability) and after you have had a designated Roth account in the Plan for at least 5 years. In applying the 5-year rule, you count from January 1 of the year your first contribution was made to the designated Roth account. However, if you did a direct rollover to a designated Roth account in the Plan from a designated Roth account in another employer plan, your participation will count from January 1 of the year your first contribution was made to the designated Roth account in the Plan or, if earlier, to the designated Roth account in the other employer plan.

What types of retirement accounts and plans may accept my rollover?

You may roll over the payment to either a Roth IRA (a Roth individual retirement account or Roth individual retirement annuity) or a designated Roth account in an employer plan (a tax-qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan) that will accept the rollover. The rules of the Roth IRA or employer plan that holds the rollover will determine your investment options, fees, and rights to payment from the Roth IRA or employer plan (for example, no spousal consent rules apply to Roth IRAs and Roth IRAs may not provide loans). Further, the amount rolled over will become subject to the tax rules that apply to the Roth IRA or designated Roth account in the employer plan. In general, these tax rules are similar to those described elsewhere in this notice, but differences include:

- If you do a rollover to a Roth IRA, all of your Roth IRAs will be considered for purposes of determining whether you have satisfied the 5-year rule (counting from January 1 of the year for which your first contribution was made to any of your Roth IRAs).
- If you do a rollover to a Roth IRA, you will not be required to take a
 distribution from the Roth IRA during your lifetime and you must
 keep track of the aggregate amount of the after-tax contributions in
 all of your Roth IRAs (in order to determine your taxable income for
 later Roth IRA payments that are not qualified distributions).
- Eligible rollover distributions from a Roth IRA can only be rolled over to another Roth IRA.

How do I do a rollover?

There are two ways to do a rollover. You can do either a direct rollover or a 60-day rollover.

If you do a direct rollover, the Plan will make the payment directly to your Roth IRA or designated Roth account in an employer plan. You should contact the Roth IRA sponsor or the administrator of the employer plan for information on how to do a direct rollover.

If you do not do a direct rollover, you may still do a rollover by making a deposit (generally within 60 days) into a Roth IRA, whether the payment is a qualified or nonqualified distribution. In addition, you can do a rollover by making a deposit within 60 days into a designated Roth account in an employer plan if the payment is a nonqualified distribution and the rollover does not exceed the amount of earnings in the payment. You cannot do a 60-day rollover to an employer plan of any part of a qualified distribution. If you receive a distribution that is a nonqualified distribution and you do not roll over an amount at least equal to the earnings allocable to the distribution, you will be taxed on the amount of those earnings not rolled over (and if you are under age 59½, including the 10% additional income tax on early distributions attributable to any amount you had rolled over to the Plan from a designated Roth account in another type of eligible employer plan, unless an exception applies).

If you do a direct rollover of only a portion of the amount paid from the Plan and a portion is paid to you at the same time, the portion directly rolled over consists first of earnings.

If you do not do a direct rollover and the payment is not a qualified distribution, the Plan is required to withhold 20% of the earnings for federal income taxes (up to the amount of cash and property received). This means that, in order to rollover the entire payment in a 60-day rollover to a Roth IRA, you must use other funds to make up for the 20% withheld.

How much may I roll over?

If you wish to do a rollover, you may roll over all or part of the amount eligible for rollover. Any payment from the Plan is eligible for rollover, except:

- Certain payments spread over a period of at least 10 years or over your life or life expectancy (or the lives or joint life expectancy of you and your beneficiary);
- Required minimum distributions after age 70½ (if you were born before July 1, 1949) or age 72 (if you were born after June 30, 1949) or after death;
- Unforeseeable emergency distributions:
- Corrective distributions of contributions that exceed tax law limitations:
- Loans treated as deemed distributions (for example, loans in default due to missed payments before your employment ends);
- · Cost of life insurance paid by the Plan; and
- Payments of certain automatic enrollment contributions requested to be withdrawn within 90 days of the first contribution.

The Plan Administrator or the payor can tell you what portion of a payment is eligible for rollover.

If I do a rollover to a Roth IRA, will the 10% additional income tax apply to early distributions from the Roth IRA?

If you receive a payment from a Roth IRA when you are under age 59½, you will have to pay the 10% additional income tax on early distributions from the Roth IRA on the earnings paid from the Roth IRA, unless an exception applies or the payment is a qualified distribution.

What are the exceptions to the 10% additional income tax that applies to early distributions?

In general, the exceptions to the 10% additional income tax for early distributions from a Roth IRA are the same as the exceptions applicable to Section 401 and 403 employer plans for early distributions from a plan, which are as follows:

- Payments made after you separate from service if you will be at least age 55 in the year of the separation;
- Payments that start after you separate from service if paid at least annually in equal or close to equal amounts over your life or life expectancy (or the lives or joint life expectancy of you and your beneficiary);
- Payments from a governmental plan made after you separate from service if you are a qualified public safety employee and you will be at least age 50 in the year of the separation;
- Payments of up to \$5,000 made to you within one year after the birth or adoption of a child;
- · Payments made due to disability;
- Payments after your death;
- · Payments of ESOP dividends;
- Corrective distributions of contributions that exceed tax law limitations;
- · Cost of life insurance paid by the Plan;
- Payments made directly to the government to satisfy a federal tax levy;
- Payments made under a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO);
- Payments up to the amount of your deductible medical expenses;
- Certain payments made while you are on active duty if you were a member of a reserve component called to duty after September 11, 2001 for more than 179 days;
- Payments of certain automatic enrollment contributions requested to be withdrawn within 90 days of the first contribution; and
- Payments for certain distributions relating to certain federally declared disasters.

However, there are a few differences for payments from a Roth IRA, including:

- The exception for payments made after you separate from service if you will be at least age 55 in the year of the separation (or age 50 for qualified public safety employees) does not apply.
- The exception for qualified domestic relations orders (QDROs) does not apply (although a special rule applies under which, as part of a divorce or separation agreement, a tax-free transfer may be made directly to a Roth IRA of a spouse or former spouse).
- The exception for payments made at least annually in equal or close to equal amounts over a specified period applies without regard to whether you have had a separation from service.
- There are additional exceptions for (1) payments for qualified higher education expenses, (2) payments up to \$10,000 used in a

qualified first-time home purchase, and (3) payments for health insurance premiums after you have received unemployment compensation for

12 consecutive weeks (or would have been eligible to receive unemployment compensation but for self-employed status).

Will I owe State income taxes?

This notice does not describe any State or local income tax rules (including withholding rules).

SPECIAL RULES AND OPTIONS

If you miss the 60-day rollover deadline

Generally, the 60-day rollover deadline cannot be extended. However, the IRS has the limited authority to waive the deadline under certain extraordinary circumstances, such as when external events prevented you from completing the rollover by the 60-day rollover deadline. Under certain circumstances, you may claim eligibility for a waiver of the 60-day rollover deadline by making a written self-certification. Otherwise, to apply for a waiver from the IRS, you must file a private letter ruling request with the IRS. Private letter ruling requests require the payment of a nonrefundable user fee. For more information, see IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

If you have an outstanding loan that is being offset

If you have an outstanding loan from the Plan, your Plan benefit may be offset by the outstanding amount of the loan, typically when your employment ends. The offset amount is treated as a distribution to you at the time of the offset. Generally, you may roll over all or any portion of the offset amount. If the distribution attributable to the offset is not a qualified distribution and you do not roll over the offset amount, you will be taxed on any earnings included in the distribution (including the 10% additional income tax on early distributions, unless an exception applies). You may roll over the earnings included in the loan offset to a Roth IRA or designated Roth account in an employer plan (if the terms of the employer plan permit the plan to receive plan loan offset rollovers). You may also roll over the full amount of the offset to a Roth IRA.

How long you have to complete the rollover depends on what kind of plan loan offset you have. If you have a qualified plan loan offset, you will have until your tax return due date (including extensions) for the tax year during which the offset occurs to complete your rollover. A qualified plan loan offset occurs when a plan loan in good standing is offset because your employer plan terminates, or because you sever from employment. If your plan loan offset occurs for any other reason, then you have 60 days from the date the offset occurs to complete your rollover.

If you are an eligible retired public safety officer and your payment is used to pay for health coverage or qualified long-term care insurance

If you retired as a public safety officer, and your retirement was by reason of disability or was after normal retirement age, you can exclude from your taxable income plan payments paid directly as premiums to an accident or health plan (or a qualified long-term care insurance contract) that your employer maintains for you, your spouse, or your dependents, up to a maximum of \$3,000 annually. For this purpose, a public safety officer is a law enforcement officer, firefighter, chaplain, or member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew.

If you are not a Plan participant

<u>Payments after death of the participant.</u> If you receive a distribution after the participant's death that you do not roll over, the distribution will generally be taxed in the same manner described elsewhere in this notice. However, whether the payment is a qualified distribution generally depends on when the participant first made a contribution to the designated Roth account in the Plan. However, the special rules for public safety officers do not apply.

If you are a surviving spouse. If you receive a payment from the Plan as the surviving spouse of a deceased participant, you have the same rollover options that the participant would have had, as described elsewhere in this notice. In addition, if you choose to do a rollover to a Roth IRA, you may treat the Roth IRA as your own or as an inherited Roth IRA.

A Roth IRA you treat as your own is treated like any other Roth IRA of yours, so that you will not have to receive any required minimum distributions during your lifetime and earnings paid to you in a nonqualified distribution before you are age 59½ will be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies).

If you treat the Roth IRA as an inherited Roth IRA, payments from the Roth IRA will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early

distributions. An inherited Roth IRA is subject to required minimum distributions. If the participant had started taking required minimum distributions from the Plan, you will have to receive required minimum distributions from the inherited Roth IRA. If the participant had not started taking required minimum distributions, you will not have to start receiving required minimum distributions from the inherited Roth IRA until the year the participant would have been age 70½ (if born before July 1, 1949) or age 72 (if born after June 30, 1949).

If you are a surviving beneficiary other than a spouse. If you receive a payment from the Plan because of the participant's death and you are a designated beneficiary other than a surviving spouse, the only rollover option you have is to do a direct rollover to an inherited Roth IRA. Payments from the inherited Roth IRA, even if made in a nonqualified distribution, will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions. You will have to receive required minimum distributions from the inherited Roth IRA.

<u>Payments under a qualified domestic relations order</u>. If you are the spouse or former spouse of the participant who receives a payment from the Plan under a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO), you generally have the same options and the same tax treatment that the participant would have (for example, you may roll over the payment as described in this notice).

If you are a nonresident alien

If you are a nonresident alien and you do not do a direct rollover to a U.S. IRA or U.S. employer plan, instead of withholding 20%, the Plan is generally required to withhold 30% of the payment for federal income taxes. If the amount withheld exceeds the amount of tax you owe (as may happen if you do a 60-day rollover), you may request an income tax refund by filing Form 1040NR and attaching your Form 1042-S. See Form W-8BEN for claiming that you are entitled to a reduced rate of withholding under an income tax treaty. For more information, see also IRS Publication 519, *U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens*, and IRS Publication 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*.

Other special rules

If a payment is one in a series of payments for less than 10 years, your choice whether to make a direct rollover will apply to all later payments in the series (unless you make a different choice for later payments).

If your payments for the year (only including payments from the designated Roth account in the Plan) are less than \$200, the Plan is not required to allow you to do a direct rollover and is not required to withhold federal income taxes. However, you may do a 60-day rollover.

Unless you elect otherwise, a mandatory cashout of more than \$1,000 from a designated Roth account in the Plan will be directly rolled over to a Roth IRA chosen by the Plan Administrator or the payor. A mandatory cashout is a payment from a plan to a participant made before age 62 (or normal retirement age, if later) and without consent, where the participant's benefit does not exceed \$5,000, or the amount of your Plan's cashout threshold (not including any amounts held under the Plan as a result of a prior rollover made to the Plan).

You may have special rollover rights if you recently served in the U.S. Armed Forces. For more information on special rollover rights related to the U.S. Armed Forces, see IRS Publication 3, *Armed Forces' Tax Guide*. You also may have special rollover rights if you were affected by a federally declared disaster (or similar event), or if you received a distribution on account of a disaster. For more information on special rollover rights related to disaster relief, see the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

If you expatriate from the U.S., you may be subject to special rules, and should consult with your personal tax advisor to determine if you are required to provide Prudential with IRS Form W-8CE.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

You may wish to consult with the Plan Administrator or payor, or a professional tax advisor, before taking a payment from the Plan. Also, you can find more detailed information on the federal tax treatment of payments from employer plans in: IRS Publication 575, Pension and Annuity Income; IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs); IRS Publication 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs); and IRS Publication 571, Tax-Sheltered Annuity Plans (403(b) Plans). These publications are available from a local IRS office, on the web at www.irs.gov, or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM.

You can easily print this notice using your computer's print function. However, if you would like us to provide you a printed copy, please contact us at 877-778-2100 and we will mail you one, free of charge. Note that you will need to complete the authentication process when you call so we can be sure to send you the correct version for your plan.